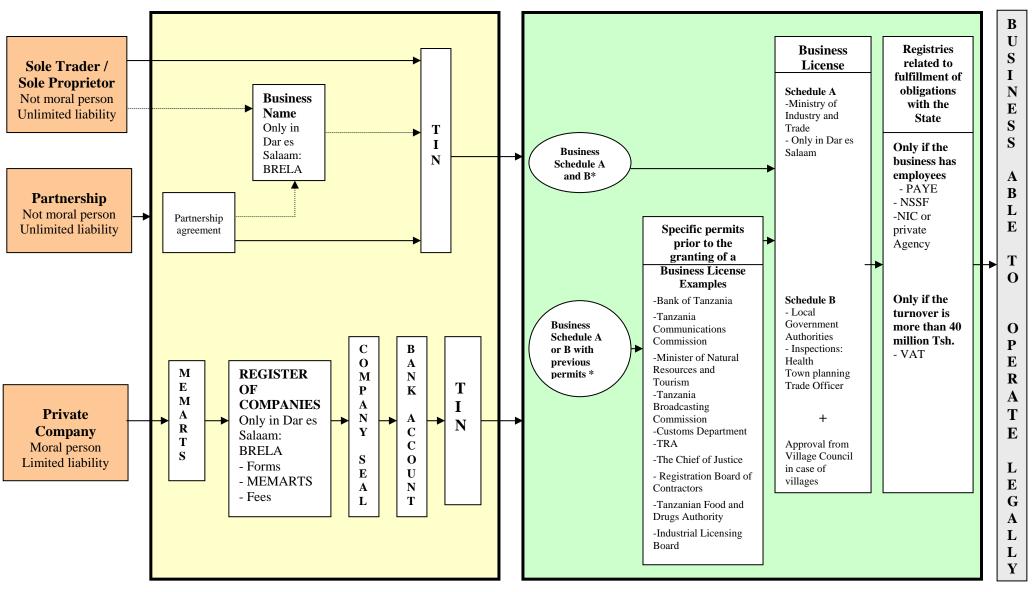
#### LIST OF LAWS AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING BUSINESS ACTIVITIES IN TANZANIA

- 1. Act No.11 of Parliament of 1995
- 2. Arbitration Act, Chapter 15
- 3. Banking and Financial Institutions Act, 1991
- 4. Bankruptcy Ordinance
- 5. Business Licensing Act, 1972
- 6. Business Name (Registration) (Cap 213)
- 7. Capital Market and Securities Act, 1994
- 8. Companies Ordinance (Cap212)
- 9. Companies Act, 2002 (enacted but not yet enforce)
- 10. Competition Law
- 11. Copy Rights and Neighboring Rights Act, 1999
- 12. The Customs and Excise Management Act, 1977
- 13. Employment and Regulations Act, 2004 (enacted but not yet enforce)
- 14. The Labour Institutions Act, 2004 (enacted but not yet enforce)
- 15. The Executive Agencies Act No. 30, 1997
- 16. High Court Registries Rules, 1999
- 17. The Income Tax Act, 2004
- 18. The Insurance Act. 1996
- 19. Law of Contract Ordinance, 1961
- 20. The Local Government Laws, 2000
- 21. The Non-Governmental Organizations Act, 2002
- 22. The Patents Act, 1987
- 23. Civil Procedure Code, 1966
- 24. The Public Procurement Act, No 21, 2004
- 25. Security Employment Act
- 26. Societies Ordinance (Cap 337)
- 27. Stamp Duty Act, 1972
- 28. Tanzania Communications Act
- 29. The Tanzania Investment Act, 1997
- 30. The Magistrates' Courts Act, 1984
- 31. Trustee's Incorporation (Cap 375)
- 32. Workmen's Compensation Ordinance
- 33. The Tax Revenue Appeals Act, 2000
- 34. The Industrial Court Act
- 35. The Value Added Tax Act. 1997
- 36. National Industries and Licensing and Registration
- 37. The Government Proceedings Act
- 38. The Finance Bill, 2004
- 39. The Law of Limitations Act, No 20, 1971 and its Amendments

- 40. The Cooperative Societies Act No. 20, 2003
- 41. The Cooperative Societies Rules, 2004
- 42. Government Notice No. 280
- 43. Food, Drugs and Cosmetics Act No. 1, 2003
- 44. The Pharmacy and Poison Act, 1978
- 45. Private Hospitals (Registration) Act, 1997
- 46. Private Healthy Laboratories Act, 1997
- 47. Contractors Registration Act No 7, 1997
- 48. Tanzania Communication Regulatory Authority Act, 2003
- 49. The Foreign Exchange Act, 1992
- 50. The Bank of Tanzania Act, 1995
- 51. The Banking and Financial Institutions Act, 1991
- 52. Foreign Exchange (Bureau de Change) Regulations, 1999
- 53. Cooperative Society Act, 1991 as Amended 2003
- 54. Liquor License Act No. 28, 1968
- 55. The Hotel Levy Act, 1972
- 56. The Hotel Levy Regulations, 1982
- 57. The Hire Purchase Act
- 58. The Law of Limitation Act
- 59. The Appellate Jurisdiction Act
- 60. Court Fees Rules
- 61. The Act No 4, 2004
- 62. Public Procurement Regulations, 2004
- 63. The Basic Rights and Duties Enforcement Act, No 33, 1994
- 64. Customary Laws
- 65. Primary Court Rules
- 66. Government Notice No 140
- 67. Government Notice No 141
- The Board of External Trade Act. 1978
- 69. East African Custom and tariff tax management Act, 1970
- 70. The crop Marketing Board, Act No 11, 1993
- 71. Crop Industry Legislations 2001
- 72. Banking and Financial Regulations, 1997
- 73. Town and Country Planning Act, 1962
- 74. Kinondoni Municipal Council; By Laws 2000
- 75. The Bankruptcy Rules
- 76. Winding up rules 1939
- 77. The Tanzania court of appeal sub registries (establishment)

Table III.5.3

CURRENT LEGAL PROCEDURES REGULATING LEGAL ACCESS TO BUSINESS ACTIVITIES IN TANZANIA



INCORPORATION AND LEGAL CREATION
OF BUSINESS

## AUTHORIZATIONS TO INITIATE BUSINESS OPERATIONS LEGALLY

<sup>\*</sup>These businesses can be sole traders / sole proprietorships, partnerships or private companies

Table III.5.4

Types of Business Organizations in Tanzania<sup>1</sup>

Туре	Minimum capital or investment required by law	Moral Person (legal status)	Liability	Legislation	Official entities for legal incorporation and registration
a) Sole Trader / Sole Proprietorship	No	No	Unlimited	Business Name (Registration) Ordinance – Cap 213 (*)	Business Name Registry – BRELA (*)
b) Partnership	No	No	Unlimited	Law of Contract Ordinance, 1961 Business Name (Registration) Ordinance – Cap 213 (*)	Business Name Registry – BRELA (*)
c.1) Private Company Unlimited	No	Yes	Unlimited	Companies Ordinance Cap 212	
c.2) Private Company Limited by Shares	No	Yes	Limited by shares	Companies Ordinance Cap 212	Register of Companies -BRELA
c.3) Private Company Limited by Guarantee	No	Yes	Limited by guarantee	Companies Ordinance Cap 212	BRLLA
d) Public Company	No	Yes	Limited	Companies Ordinance Cap 212	
e) Cooperatives	No	Yes	Limited	Cooperatives Societies Act	Registrar of Cooperatives

- a) Sole Trader / Sole Proprietorship: Most companies in Tanzania are individually organized. These are companies where a single individual is the owner of the business, though other members of his family participate and work therein. The liability of the business owner is unlimited. All of his personal assets are at risk of losses incurred in the business.
- b) Partnership: Relations sustained between individuals that engage in business together for purpose of generating profit. These individuals are collectively referred as firm. Every partner is liable for all debts and obligations in the business or acts on behalf of the partnership.
- **c.1) Private Company Unlimited**: The legal status of this organizational form is separate from its members but the liability of the members is not limited. The minimum number of members is two and the maximum is fifty. There is no minimum capital stock required to create this form of company.
- **c.2) Private Company Limited by Shares**: These companies are normally formed by persons with prior relationships other than business relationship. The minimum number of members is two and the maximum is fifty. There is no minimum capital stock required to create this form of company. The shares are not freely transferable. These type of companies may not list in the stock exchange. The member's liability is limited to the amount imposed on the share paid.
- **c.3) Private Company Limited by Guarantee**: The minimum number of members is two and the maximum is fifty. There is no minimum capital stock required to create this form of company. The liability of its members is limited to the amount given as guarantee and is payable only upon company winding up.
- **d) Public Company**: The minimum number of members is seven and there is no maximum number of members. This type of company can invite the general public to contribute share capital and can be listed on the stock exchange.
- e) Cooperatives: These are association of persons voluntarily joined for the purpose of achieving a common need who make equitable contributions to the capital required for the formation and who accept the risks and benefits of the undertaking in which they actively participate. It may be primary society (10 or more persons), secondary society and federation.
- (\*) Business Name Registration is compulsory in the case that the sole trader or partnership conducts a business in the Territory under a business name that does not consist in his true name or the true names of all the partners

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This table shows the business organizational forms used most in Tanzania. It does not include trustees, societies, parastatal companies and public corporations.

Table II.5.6

**Registered Insurance Companies** 

S/N			Type of		Regional	Distribution	Number of		
	Insurance Company	Type of service	Public	Private	Local	Foreign	District	Regional	branches
1	National Insurance Corporation	Life and Non Life	<b>√</b>		V			<b>√</b>	18
2	The Jubilee Insurance Co. (T) Ltd	Life and Non Life		$\checkmark$	V	$\sqrt{}$			3
3	Alliance Insurance Corporation Ltd.	Life and Non Life		~	V	$\sqrt{}$			1
4	Zanzibar Insurance Corporation	Life and Non Life	<b>√</b>		V				5
5	Heritage A.I.I. Insurance Co.(T) Ltd.	Non Life		V	V	V			
	Reliance Insurance Co. Tanzania Ltd.	Non Life		$\sqrt{}$	V	V			
7	Lion of Tanzania Insurance Co. Ltd.	Non Life		V	V	V			2
8	Royal Insurance Tanzania Ltd.	Non Life		V	V	V			1
9	Phoenix of Tanzania Assurance Co. Ltd.	Non Life		V	V	V			2
10	Imperial Insurance Company Limited	Non Marine		V	V	V			
11	Strategis Insurance (T) Limited	Accidents sickness		V	V	V			
12	Tanzidia Assurance Company Limited	Non Life		V	V	V			
	Tanzania National Reinsurance Corporation	Reinsurance	V		V	V			
14	African Life Assurance Company Limited	Life		<b>√</b>					

Note: the Insurance Act 1996 Section 8(I) requires 1/3 of the controlling interest in an Insurance Company to be held by citizens of Tanzania

Source: Ministry of Finance Insurance Supervisory Department

#### Table III.5.8a

#### License Categories to Set up and Operate a Business (\*)

#### According to Business Licensing Act 1972 and its amendments

<sup>(\*)</sup> This list is according the Finance Bill 2004. This list contains some variations respect to the list included in the application form (Form TFN 211 rev. March 2004)

### Table III.5.8b

# Examples of Specific Permits or Licenses required prior to Obtaining a Business License

	<b>Business Activities</b>	Legislation	Agency where the permission is applied for
1.	Banking and Financial activities	Banking and Financial Institutions Act No. 12 of 1991	Bank of Tanzania
2.	Insurance	Insurance Act No. 18 of 1996	
3.	Public postal services and telecommunications services and systems.	Tanzania Communications Act, No. 18 of 1993	Tanzania Communications Commission
4.	Tourist agents, tourist hotels and other related activities.	Tourist Agents (Licensing) Act No. 2 of 1969	Minister of Natural Resources and Tourism
5.	Broadcasting services including transmitting, receiving or broadcasting.	Broadcasting Service Act No. 6 of 1993	Tanzania Broadcasting Commission
6.	Clearing, forwarding and bonded warehouse activities	East African Customs and Transfer Tax Management Act (Cap 27)	Customs Department of Tanzania Revenue Authority.
7.	Practice advocacy in Tanzania (mainland)	Advocates Ordinance, Cap 341 and its amendments	The Chief of Justice
8.	Building contractors, civil work contractors and mechanical contractors, etc.	The Contractors (Registration) Act No. 17 of 1997	Contractors Registration Board
9.	Pharmacy approval	The Tanzanian Food, Drugs and Cosmetics Act No 1 of 2003 (*)	Tanzanian Food and Drugs Authority (TFDA)
10.	Industries	National Industries (Licensing and Registration) Act No. 10 of 1967 and its amendments	Industrial Licensing Board (in BRELA).
11.	Activities related with liquor	Intoxicating Liquors Act No. 28 of 1968 and its amendments	Local Government Authorities

<sup>(\*)</sup> This law also regulates the quality control, safety and effectiveness of foods, drugs, herbal drugs, cosmetics and medical devices

Table III.5.9

COMPARISON OF SCHEDULE B BUSINESS LICENSES: RETAIL SHOPS

COM	AKISOI			DUSINE				Y .			
Annexes and information examined in the files	Ilala Case # 1: Sole Trader	Ilala Case # 2: Sole Trader	Ilala Case # 3 Sole Trader	Dodoma Case # 1: Sole Trader	Dodoma Case # 2: Sole Trader	Dodoma Case # 3: Sole Trader	Dodoma Case # 4: Sole Trader	Mwanza Case # 1: Sole Trader	Mwanza Case # 2: Sole Trader	Mwanza Case # 3: Sole Trader	Temeke Case : Sole Trader
Application Requirements											
1. Photocopy of Certificate of Incorporation (in case of a Company) or Certificate of Registration in the case of Business Name and Extract	Not Applicable, (NA)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2. Memorandum and Article of Association showing, among other things, that objectives of the company allow it to do the business for which the application is being made	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3. Proof of Tanzania citizenship e.g. photocopy of passport, birth certificate or in case of non-citizen, Residence Permit Class "A" –showing the holder to be investor in that company/business	X (affidavit)	X (passport)	X (affidavit)								X (affidavit)
4. In case the shareholders of the company are non-residents, powers of attorney to a citizen/resident											
5. Proof submitted by applicant that has suitable business premises for the business applied for, (the following can be submitted as a proof, a copy of title deed, tenancy agreements, receipts of rent or property payment)	X	X									X
6. Tax Payer Identification Number (TIN)	X	X	X					X	X	X	X
7. Others (Business License Tax Clearance – BLTC)	X			X	X	X	X			X	
Other information											
Date of application	28/07/04	Not Shown	18/10/04	02/09/04	09/08/04	17/02/05	Not Shown	05/01/05	Not Shown	31/01/05	20/10/04
Inspections/Approvals (i) Local government (ii) Health officer (iii) Business officer (iv) Town planner	NA 20/10/04 Not Shown Not Shown	NA 07/01/05 Non shown 05/01/05	NA 20/10/04 30/10/04 20/10/04	18/10/04 21/10/04 17/11/04 10/11/04	09/08/04 27/01/05 13/08/04 Not Shown	17/02/05 17/02/05 17/02/05 17/02/05	13/01/05 14/01/05 17/02/05 13/01/05	06/01/05 06/01/05 07/01/05 07/01/05	02/02/05 02/02/05 09/02/05 03/02/05	07/02/05 08/02/05 09/02/05 10/02/05	NA 20/10/04 Not Shown Not Shown
			15/11/01	25/04/2005	25/04/05	10/00/05	02/02/05	07/01/05	09/02/05	14/02/05	10/11/04
Date business license granted	Not Shown	28/02/05	15/11/04	27/01/2005	26/01/05	18/02/05	03/03/05	07/01/05	09/02/03	14/02/05	10/11/04

**Conclusions:** 

Application of regulations regarding required documentation to be annexed to application not uniform Information on required inspections or approvals is not consistently gathered and/or recorded Time period for granting license varies widely: ranges from the same day to up to 106 days

Table III.5.10

#### COMPARISON OF SCHEDULE B BUSINESS LICENSES: STATIONARY SHOPS

Annexes and information examined in the files	Ilala Case # 1: Private Company	Ilala Case # 2: Private Company	Temeke Sole trader with Business Name	Kinondoni Sole trader with Business Name	Dodoma Sole trader	Mwanza Sole trader with Business Name
Application Requirements						
1. Photocopy of certificate of incorporation (in case of a company) or certificate of registration in case of business name and extract	X	X	X	X	Not Applicable (NA)	X
2. Memorandum and Article of Association showing, among other things that objectives of the company allow it to do the business for which the application is being made	X		NA	NA	NA	X
3. Proof of Tanzania citizenship e.g. photocopy of passport, birth certificate; or in case of non-citizen, Residence Permit Class "A" –showing the holder to be investor in that company/business	X (affidavit)	X (passport)				
4. In case shareholders of the company are non-residents, powers of attorney to a citizen/resident	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5. Proof submitted by applicant that has suitable business premises for the business applied for, (the following can be submitted as a proof, a copy of title deed, tenancy agreements, receipts of rent or property payment))	X					
6. Tax Payer Identification Number (TIN)	X	X	X	X		X
7. Others (Business License Tax Clearance – BLTC)		X		X	X	X
Other information						
Date of application	08/10/04	31/10/05	28/06/04	08/02/05	18/11/04	28/12/04
Inspections/Approvals (i) Local government (ii) Health officer (iii) Business officer (iv) Town planner	NA Non shown Non shown 03/11/04	NA Non shown Non shown 01/02/05	NA 06/07/04 Non shown 15/07/04	NA Non shown Non shown Non shown	18/11/04 28/12/04 28/12/04 19/11/04	30/11/04 31/12/04 28/12/04 19/11/04
Date business license granted	02/02/05	05/02/05	04/08/04	08/02/05	No yet (04/03/05)	14/02/05
Total days:	102	97	37	Same day	106	48

Conclusions: Application of regu

Application of regulations regarding required documentation to be annexed to application not uniform Information on required inspections or approvals is not consistently gathered and/or recorded Time period for granting license varies widely: ranges from the same day to up to 106 days